

# **ENVIRONMENTAL LAW**

## **FLASH CARDS**



**LAWSKOOL.COM.AU**

LAWSKOOL PTY LTD

## Why use flash cards?

Flash cards are widely regarded as one of the most effective ways to study and retain information. This is because:

- Flash cards engage 'active recall' through repetition. Using flash cards promotes remembering a concept from scratch as opposed to trying to memorise a passage from a textbook.
- Flash cards provide immediate feedback and self-reflection. This will provide you with the ability to quickly check your answer with the correct answer to determine whether you were correct, or whether you need to spend more time understanding the subject matter.
- Flash cards provide for confidence-based study. As flash cards do not follow a strict order, you are free to mix them up and add your own notations. If you are very confident with certain areas, they can be separated to concentrate on areas or questions that may need further work.

## Method

The following series of flash cards present 50 questions and answers in a table format, with up to five cards per page. The questions are provided in the left column with the corresponding answers in the right column. Print the document and then cut each card following the bold border. Once cut, each card should be folded vertically along the central dotted line and glued or taped to form a single double-sided flash card.



**To order the complete version of the Lawskool Environment Law Flash Cards please visit [www.lawskool.com.au](http://www.lawskool.com.au)**

Q1:

Why is environmental law difficult to enforce?

Answer:

Environmental law is based on traditional legal principles that do not necessarily value protection of the environment.

Q2:

When was the *Kyoto Protocol* ratified?

- A) 2007
- B) 2001
- C) 2006
- D) 2012

Answer: A

The *Kyoto Protocol* was ratified in 2007.

Q3:

When will the extension of the *Kyoto Protocol* expire?

- A 2015
- B 2021
- C 2050
- D 2100

Answer: B

The extension to the *Kyoto Protocol* will expire in 2021.

Q4:

What is a Free Trade Agreement?

Answer:

A Free Trade Agreement is an international instrument between two or more parties to conduct trade between the two parties in a preferential manner. A FTA may be utilised to protect the environment..